WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

1. A polynucleotide that encodes a polypeptide that reduces the amount of glucose side chain of a polysaccharide antigen specific to Streptococcus mutans,

wherein the polynucleotide comprises:

- a base sequence of any of SEQ ID NO: 1 through 4; or
- a base sequence with the deletion, substitution, or addition of one or more bases in the base sequence of any of SEQ ID NO: 1 through 4.
- 2. A polynucleotide that encodes a polypeptide that reduces the amount of glucose side chain of a polysaccharide antigen specific to Streptococcus mutans,

wherein the polynucleotide comprises:

- a polynucleotide of a base sequence of any of SEQ ID NO: 1 through 4; or
- a polynucleotide that hybridizes under stringent conditions with a polynucleotide having a complementary base sequence to the polynucleotide of the base sequence of any of SEQ ID NO: 1 through 4.
- 3. An oligonucleotide that comprises a base sequence, or a complementary sequence thereof, with at least 12 contiguous bases of a base sequence of any of SEQ ID NO:

1 through 4.

- 4. An oligonucleotide of claim 3, which comprises a base sequence of any of SEQ ID NO: 8 through 10.
- 5. A polypeptide that is encoded by a polynucleotide of claim 1 or 2.
- 6. A Streptococcus mutans strain with a reduced amount of glucose side chain in a polysaccharide antigen specific to Streptococcus mutans.
- 7. A Streptococcus mutans strain of claim 6, which comprises a polynucleotide of claim 1 or 2.
- 8. A Streptococcus mutans strain of claim 6, which expresses a polypeptide of claim 5.
- 9. An antibody that specifically binds to a Streptococcus mutans strain of any of claims 6 through 8.
- 10. A method for detecting a Streptococcus mutans strain in a subject sample, comprising the steps of:

separating bacteria from the subject sample; extracting genomic DNA or total RNA of the bacteria separated from the subject sample; and

carrying out a PCR reaction, using the genomic DNA or total RNA as a template, and using an oligonucleotide of claim 3 or 4 as a primer.

- 11. A method for detecting a Streptococcus mutans strain in a subject sample set forth in claim 10, wherein the tissue sample is obtained from blood, saliva, or plaque.
- 12. A method for detecting a Streptococcus mutans strain in a subject sample set forth in claim 10 or 11, wherein the primers are an oligonucleotide of a base sequence of SEQ ID NO: 8, and an oligonucleotide of a base sequence of SEQ ID NO: 9 or 10.
- 13. A method for detecting a Streptococcus mutans strain in a subject sample, comprising the steps of:

separating bacteria from the subject sample;

extracting genomic DNA or total RNA of the bacteria separated from the subject sample; and

carrying out a hybridization reaction for the genomic DNA or total RNA, using an oligonucleotide of claim 3 or 4 as a probe.

- 14. A method for detecting a Streptococcus mutans strain in a subject sample set forth in claim 13, wherein the tissue sample is obtained from blood, saliva, or plaque.
- 15. A method for detecting a Streptococcus mutans strain in a subject sample set forth in claim 13 or 14, wherein the oligonucleotide has a base sequence of any of SEQ ID NO: 8 through 10.
- 16. A method for detecting a Streptococcus mutans strain in a subject sample set forth in any of claims 10 through 15, wherein the step of separating bacteria uses an antibody of claim 9.
- 17. A method for detecting a Streptococcus mutans strain in a subject sample, comprising the steps of:

separating bacteria from the subject sample;

incubating the separated bacteria with an antibody of claim 9; and

detecting bacteria that have bound to the antibody.

18. A method for determining a serotype of a Streptococcus mutans strain in a subject sample, the method comprising using a method of any of claims 10

through 17.

- 19. A screening method of a Streptococcus mutans strain, the method comprising using a method of any one claims 10 through 17.
- 20. A Streptococcus mutans strain, which is obtained by a screening method of claim 19.
- 21. A kit for detecting a Streptococcus mutans strain, the kit comprising an oligonucleotide of claim 3 or 4.
- 22. A kit for detecting a Streptococcus mutans strain set forth in claim 21, wherein the oligonucleotide comprises a base sequence of SEQ ID NO: 9.
- 23. A kit for detecting a Streptococcus mutans strain set forth in claim 22, the kit further comprising an oligonucleotide of a base sequence of SEQ ID NO: 8.
- 24. A kit for detecting a Streptococcus mutans strain set forth in claim 23, the kit further comprising an oligonucleotide of a base sequence of SEQ ID NO: 10.
 - 25. A kit for detecting a Streptococcus mutans strain

set forth in any of claims 21 through 24, which is used for a PCR reaction or a hybridization reaction.

- 26. A kit for detecting a Streptococcus mutans strain, the kit comprising an antibody of claim 9.
- 27. A method for producing an antibody of claim 9, comprising the step of injecting a *Streptococcus mutans* strain of *any of* claims 6 through 8, suspended in a buffer, intravenously into the auricular vein of rabbits repeatedly for 5 consecutive days.
- 28. A method for producing an antibody set forth in claim 27, further comprising the step of repeating immunization of the *Streptococcus mutans* strain, suspended in a phosphate-buffered saline, one week after the injecting step and for another 2 weeks, 5 times each week.
- 29. A bacteria detecting tool, which comprises an oligonucleotide, fixed on a substrate, that include a base sequence with at least 12 contiguous bases of a base sequence of any of SEQ ID NO: 1 through 4.
 - 30. A bacteria detecting tool of claim 29, wherein the

oligonucleotide comprises an oligonucleotide of claim 3 or 4.